



Certified Women Owned Business Enterprise Promoting Native Plants since 2003

NATIVE STREET TREES

Considerations for selecting a street tree include height (staying below power lines); urban tolerance (pollution, road salt, soil compaction etc.); and habit (vase-shaped, weeping, pyramidal, etc.). We have indicated tolerances (where known) below. For habit, please consult the signage at the nursery, or the "Tree Silhouette Guide" available in our library.

BETWEEN 20' AND 30' TALL AT MATURITY

- Amelanchier x grandiflora – Serviceberry
- Carpinus caroliniana - American Hornbeam (high pH tolerant)
- Cercis canadensis - Eastern Red Bud
- Crataegus phaenopyrum- Washington Hawthorn (urban tolerant, high pH tolerant)
- Crataegus viridis "Winter King" - Winter King Green Hawthorn (urban tolerant, high pH tolerant)

30'-40' TALL AT MATURITY

- Cladrastis kentukea - Yellowwood
- Ostrya virginiana - American Hophornbeam (Sensitive to salt and urban conditions)
- Betula nigra 'heritage' – Heritage River Birch
- Sassafras albidum – Sassafras (pH sensitive.)

OVER 45' TALL AT MATURITY

- Acer rubrum -- Red Maple (acidic soil required, salt sensitive)
- Acer saccharum - Sugar Maple (sensitive to salt)
- Betula lenta – Black Birch
- Celtis laevigata -- Sugar Hackberry
- Celtis occidentalis- Common Hackberry (Urban and salt tolerant)
- Gymnocladus dioica – Kentucky Coffee Tree (Urban and Salt tolerant)
- Halesia tetraptera -- Carolina Silverbell
- Liquidambar styracilua – Sweet Gum (not tolerant of high pH, intermittent flooding OK)
- Liriodendron tulipifera – Tulip Tree (tolerates high pH)
- Magnolia acuminata – Cucumber Magnolia
- Nyssa sylvatica – Black Gum – (Requires acidic soil)
- Platanus occidentalis – American Sycamore
- Quercus bicolor – Swamp White Oak – (urban tolerant)
- Quercus imbricaria -- Shingle Oak (urban tolerant)
- Quercus macrocarpa – Bur Oak (urban tolerant)
- Quercus rubra -- Red Oak (urban and salt tolerant)

Quercus phellos – Willow Oak (requires acidic soil, temporary flood OK)
Quercus shumardii -- Shumard Oak (urban and salt tolerant)
Taxodium distichum – Bald Cypress (prune lower limbs early)
Tilia Americana – American Linden
Ulmus Americana- American Elm (select a disease resistant variety)

Many municipalities have specific list of tree species that may be planted in the sidewalk strip near the street. Check with your municipality if you are in doubt.

If you are planting a series of street trees, choose several species to provide diversity of habitat. By selecting several species, one particular pest or disease is less likely to affect your entire planting.

Most of the trees in our nursery are in containers and about 5'-6'. If you need a larger specimen, we will be happy to refer you to a nursery that might be able to provide one. Please note that the larger trees at these nurseries must be dug from the ground. Digging season is limited to cooler weather in the spring, and in fall. Oaks are only dug in the spring.

Seven Reasons to Buy Native Plants at Edge of the Woods

- All plants are nursery propagated. We do not deplete natural populations by collecting from the wild.
- Our staff is highly educated and knowledgeable. We know native plants and their life cycles. We've worked with them in gardens and landscapes for many years. The nursery has accurate and informative signage and literature to help you learn about native plants.
- We focus on the roots of the plant. Leaves come and go. Strong roots are needed for good establishment.
- We offer genetically diverse crops, and local genotypes whenever possible.
- We do not use artificial growth hormones.
- We use a minimal amount of pesticides. Our plants may have leaves that have been eaten --this means they are doing their job in the ecosystem